

Centre for Human Rights Faculty of Law

PRESS STATEMENT

CENTRE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS CALLS ON SOUTH AFRICAN **GOVERNMENT TO INSIST ON PEACE THAT DOES NOT CONDONE**

RUSSIA'S ILLEGAL CONDUCT

25 April 2025

The Centre for Human Rights, Faculty of Law, University of Pretoria (Centre), expresses its

disappointment that the visit by Ukrainian President, Volodymyr Zelensky, on 24 April 2025

to South Africa had to be cut short due to an attack on the Ukrainian capital city killing at least

9 nine civilians.

The circumstances necessitating the shortening of the visit underlines the illegality of the

Russian invasion of and relentless attacks on Ukrainian civilians.

The only possible justification under international law for the use of force, in the way Russia

has done, is self-defense. However, no case has been or can conceivably be made out that

Russia was acting in self-defense in the attack on Kiev today. The argument that looming

NATO membership provided a justification for Russian aggression flies in the face of the

requirement under international law that only an imminent attack may justify the use of force

in self-defense

The rules of international humanitarian law regulate state conduct during war. The rules in

respect of international armed conflicts have been codified in the 1977 Protocol I Additional to

the 1949 Geneva Conventions, relating to the Protection of Victims of International Armed

Conflict.

Centre for Human Rights

Faculty of Law, University of Pretoria, Pretoria, 0002, South Africa Fax Email Web

+27 (0)12 420 3810 Tel +27 (0)12 362 1525 chr@up.ac.za www.chr.up.ac.za

This Protocol makes it very clear that warring parties must distinguish between the civilian

population and combatants; and that they are allowed to direct operations 'only against

military objectives' (article 48). Both the Russian Federation and Ukraine have accepted

Protocol I as binding on them.

The attack on Kiev, which is devoid of a military objective, is a flagrant violation of this

foundational principle of international humanitarian law. In addition, it amounts to a gross

violation of international human rights law.

The Centre commends South Africa for its role in upholding the tenets of international human

rights and humanitarian law, poignantly illustrated in the submission of the case before the

International Court of Justice against Israel, alleging that it has committed genocide in its

attacks on the civilian population of Gaza.

The Centre calls on the South African government to condemn this most recent attack by the

Russian Federation; and to take all the measures in its power to bring the parties to an

equitable and lasting peace, based on international law. As a proponent of the multilateral

international legal order, South Africa should add its voice to those insisting that the

consequences of Russia's illegal actions should not be condoned as part of a peace

agreement.

For more information, please contact:

Mr Lloyd Kuveya

Assistant Director

Centre for Human Rights, University of Pretoria

Email: Lloyd.Kuveya@up.ac.za

www.chr.up.ac.za

Page 2 of 2